# Leveraging the Power of Data and Relationships: 

Reducing Chronic Absence in Rural Settings

August 11, 2020

## Welcome to this Rural-Focused Webinar!

- Why a rural focus?
- Community solutions reflect the circumstances, conditions, challenges and opportunities their place offers.
- Rural places have unique challenges and opportunities and rich cross-community learning opportunities.
- What do we mean by "rural"?
- Nonmetropolitan places, open country to small towns, frontier to regional gateways.
- "When you've seen one rural place, you've seen one rural place."
- Four Rural Americas (Mil Duncan)
- Amenity-rich
- Declining resource-dependent
- Chronically poor
- Amenity/decline


## Moderator



Hedy Chang<br>Executive Director and President Attendance Works

## What is Chronic Absence? <br> (It is defined to support <br> prevention and early intervention)

Chronic absence is missing so much school for any reason that a student is academically at risk. To ensure it acts as an early warning sign, Attendance Works recommends defining it as missing $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ or more of school for any reason.


Chronic Absence

Chronic absence is different from truancy (unexcused absences only) or average daily attendance (how many students show up to school each day).

## The Challenge:

## Kindergarten and

first-grade students who miss 10\% or more of school are less likely to read proficiently in third grade.

- Many parents do not realize that early absences can add up to academic risk.
- Chronic absence is even higher for low income children whose academic performance is especially hard hit when they miss school.
- Health related challenges such as asthma and dental disease are major causes of absences in the early grades.
- Higher school-wide absenteeism is associated with lower achievement for all students.
- 1 out of 10 kindergarten and $1^{\text {st }}$ graders miss $10 \%$ or more of school. In some communities, this figure is 1 out of 4 .



## Absenteeism is a Sign that Positive Conditions for Learning are Missing, Whether Classes are In Person, Distance or Blended



## Invest in Prevention and Early Intervention



Key Ingredients of A Systemic Approach To Reducing Absenteeism


## School Attendance Story <br> Submissions

> 33 submissions for the GLR WWCC School Attendance from 28 Communities
> 21 provided data showing measurable progress in reducing chronic absence and/or improving attendance
> $\mathbf{1 2}$ used evidence-based practices; of those 12 communities, 10 showed measurable progress in reducing chronic absence and/or improving attendance
> 21 of 28 involve a United Way as a key partner
> 6 of 28 were rural communities

## Types of Activities

$>$ Communities were most apt to fund and engage in Positive Engagement (2I)
$>$ Communities focused on Actionable Data (12)
$>$ Communities focused on Capacity Building (I3)
$>$ Communities focused on Strategic Partnerships (13)
$>$ Communities focused on Shared Accountability (5)

## Covid-19 Reinforces the Critical Importance of These Approaches:

$>$ A whole child/family approach to education that pays attention to social and emotional well-being and school climate along with academics and recognizes families as the first teachers of their children.
> Integrated virtual and in-person learning that supports different learning styles and making up for classwork when students face challenges (e.g. health or transportation) getting to school.
$>$ Addressing inequitable access to resources and supports with significant attention to monitoring absenteeism (missing too much school) to promote prevention and early intervention vs. punitive action.
$>$ Promote integrated strategies by working across departments and organizations, including supporting an investment in community schools and leveraging the assets of community partners and health providers.

## Identifying Students At Risk Due to Absenteeism



## Considerations for

## Rural Settings

> Leverage the strong sense of community
> Recognize the challenge of pre-existing relationships and perceptions about families
> Address barriers related to health and transportation
$>$ Explore the use of technological solutions
> Support regional collaboration

## Presenters



## Allison Crain

Northern District Supervisor
Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement Mississippi Department of Education

Ramona Halcomb<br>Indian Education Specialist<br>Oregon Department of Education



## Erin Helgren

Early Works Site Liaison, Yoncalla (Oregon)
Children's Institute

## Presenters



Susan Lieberman<br>Director<br>Count ME In (Maine)



Angela Madigan
Principal
Waterboro Elementary School (Maine)

## The Maine Overview

* Positive Engagement and Conversations about attendance, learning and working as a community throughout the year

Positive Teacher Outreach and Monitoring Student Data
Establish Review Structure
Implement Data-Driven Interventions
Incorporate Partners and Continuous Quality Improvement

## "Mainely" Shifted Our Approach

Work in Isolation


Rely on Existing Beliefs


Punitive Approach


Schoolwide Effort with Teams


Listen and Form Positive Relationships with Families


Positive Partnerships that Overcome Barriers


## Waterboro Elementary School

East Waterboro, North Waterboro, \& Waterboro, Maine

- Population ~ 8,000
- Square Miles: 57.16
- Unique Considerations
- Transiency
- Close to $50 \%$ Free or Reduced Lunch Beneficiaries



For more information on TAPP Contact Ramona Halcomb, Indian Education Speciallist at ramona, halcombillode state or.us or 503-947-5695


| Pendleton's Washington |
| :--- |
| Elementary School used TAPP |
| Funds to collaborate with the |
| Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla |
| Indian Reservation to include |
| Language at their building. |




## Professional Development




## TAPP Outcomes

- Collaboration between Tribes \& School
- Increased Family Engagement
- Increased Indigenous Language in School
- Increased Indigenous Curriculum
- Increased Professional Development for School Staff
- Increased Cultural Sensitivity
- Increased AI/AN visibility
- Increased Attendance



# Yoncalla Early Works Transforming Education Through Accountable Engagement and Relationships 

## Our Vision



A community of healthy, thriving kids who become successful adults.

## Early Works Guiding Principles



## Initial Data indicates:

- lack of trust/ connection to school
- Little interest in preschool
- no interest in home visiting
- families want more community based activities to do with their children.

Trust is foundational for success!!

How do you build trust with families??

- Transparency with data
- Community Cafe
- Annual retreat
- Monthly Early Works Leadership meetings
- School District engages and support existing programs
- Yoncalla Library
- Family Relief Nursery
- OPEC funded parenting education


## Family Engagement and Leadership at the school

## Activities \& Interventions <br> Research-Based Indicators

-Emerging parent driven leadership team collaborating with administrative leadership

- PreK \& Kindergarten parent engagement events/activities
- Community-based family activities at library, school, etc.
- Parent-teacher home visits 201519
- Evidence based parenting education for 0-8
- Parent-led parenting and community events


## - Systems

- School leadership \& staff commitment to parents as partners
-Parents active on governance committees, community meetings administrative leadership


## Support for Learning at Home

1. Increased \% of parents read to young children daily
2. Increased \% of homes have $26+$ books
3. Increased level of developmental support at home
4. Increased \% of parents report confidence in supporting children's learning at home
5. Increased \% of parents report high expectations for children's academic attainment

## Family Engagement in School

1. Increased \% of parents report school is welcoming
2. Increased \% of parents report frequent communication with teachers and schools
3. Incremental shifts in attendance

4. Increased \% of children meet school readiness \& development benchmarks in preschool, kindergarten

- Increased \% of children meet $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade reading \& math benchmarks

The percent of regular attenders was highest in 2018, slightly improved from last year.
$\square$ \% Students
Attending 85\% or Fewer Enrolled Days
(Chronically Absent)

- \% Students

Attending >85\% to 90\%
Enrolled Days
(Chronically Absent, Borderline Regular)
$\square$ \% Students
Attending >90\%
Enrolled Days
(Regular Attendance)


## Where are we now?





Leveraging the Power of Data and Relationships:
Reducing Chronic Absence in Rural Settings

## August 11, 2020

Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement
Allison Crain, Northern District Supervisor

## Mississippi Department of Education

## VISION

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

## MISSION

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community


## Goals for Reducing Chronic Absenteeism

- View chronic absence as an important early warning sign health concerns, family needs
- Create a culture of understanding that attendance matters
- Overcome the myth that school attendance is solely a "school issue" or "parent issue" - engage the school attendance officer and other key personnel to help bridge the gap
- Utilize strategies that build relationships and engage stakeholders - requires dialogue and data!


## Call to Action

- Decrease the number of students identified as missing 10\% or more of days from school during an academic school year.
- Acknowledge and address health-related challenges that impede positive academic outcomes for students.
- Provide parents with the needed resources that will aid them in fulfilling their critical role as brain builder, first teacher, tutor, strongest advocate, and best coach.



## "Breakfast at the Bus Stop" Initiative

- Provides students with a free breakfast three (3) times a year at the bus stop-two within an Oxford Housing Authority community and the other in an area of the city with a high chronic absenteeism rate.
- Provides an opportunity to motivate and encourage students to attend school every day.
- Provides an opportunity to build and/or enhance relationships with students, parents, and community.

$\checkmark$ Law Enforcement
$\checkmark$ School Personnel
$\checkmark$ Community Leaders
$\checkmark$ L.O.U. Reads Coalition
L.O.U. Reads members solicit breakfast donations from various business around Oxford.

- The picnic is provided for students and families that have been identified as being chronically absent for numerous years.
- The families are contacted by the School Attendance Officer serving the school districts in Lafayette County.
- The families meet for lunch with the School Attendance Officer and district personnel (teachers, interventionists, etc.) at the local park.

- The barriers that deter students from attending school are discussed during the picnic meeting.

Allison Crain

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Northern District Supervisor
Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement

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Questions \& Discussion

# Upcoming GLR Learning Tuesdays Webinars 

## LEARNING LOSS RECOVERY CHALLENGE WEBINAR

Afterschool Opportunities: An Antidote to Learning Loss During COVID-19
Tuesday, August 18, 3 p.m. ET/12 p.m. PT
LEARNING LOSS RECOVERY CHALLENGE WEBINAR
Elevating Parent Voices on Learning Loss
Tuesday, August 25, 3 p.m. ET/12 p.m. PT

