Creating Environments and Conditions for Thriving Kindergarteners

February 14, 2023





Moderator



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Presenters



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Rebecca Colbert, Ph.D., RLA
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Early Childhood Health Outdoors
Initiative (ECHO)
National Wildlife Foundation

Presenters



Ann Kay
Co-Founder & Education Coordinator
The Rock 'n' Read Project



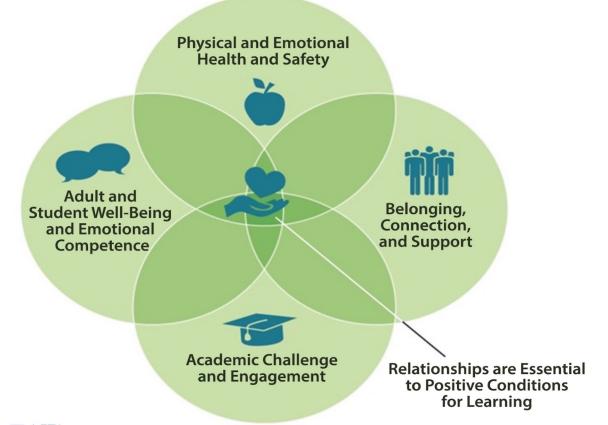
Natalie Walrond

Director

Center to Improve Social and Emotional
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WestEd

Positive Conditions for Learning Are Essential To Thriving Kindergartners; High Levels of Chronic Absence Signal They Aren't In Place







Kindergarten Chronic Absence California 2021-22 (statewide rate of 40.4%)

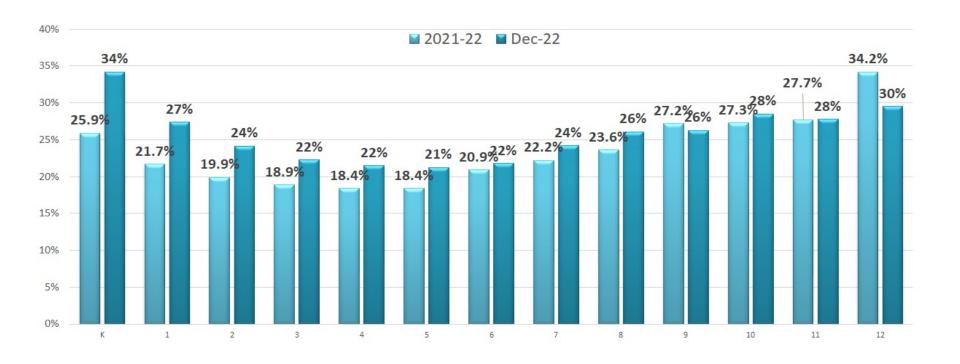
Race / Ethnicity	Chronic Absenteeism Eligible Enrollment	Chronic Absenteeism Count	Chronic Absenteeism Rate
African American	22,748	11,912	52.4%
American Indian or Alaska Native	2,054	1,039	50.6%
Asian	46,522	10,683	23.0%
Filipino	9,333	3,000	32.1%
Hispanic or Latino	274,298	131,532	48.0%
Pacific Islander	1,738	1,039	59.8%
White	99,722	27,921	28.0%
Two or More Races	24,911	7,842	31.5%
Not Reported	10,635	3,898	36.7%

Chronic Absenteeism in Ohio by Grade



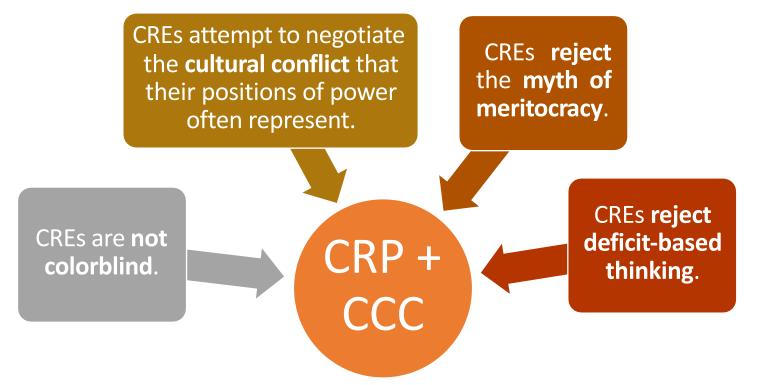
Connecticut data shows that chronic absence remains high this Fall especially for younger learners







Connecting Culturally Responsive Pedagogy (CRP) and Critical Cultural Competence (CCC)





Culturally Responsive Early Childhood Teachers (Chen, Nimmo, & Fraser, 2019)

Raising self-awareness

Physical Environment

Pedagogical Environment

Relationships with Families and Community

Self-Awareness

- Think about these aspects of identity. Which ones resonate most with you? Why?
- Think then talk to someone near you.





Culturally Responsive Early Childhood Teachers

(Chen, Nimmo, & Fraser, 2019)

A. Raising self-	Not yet: This is	Sometimes:	Usually: But		
awareness-	new territory for	I have a	still require	Consistently: I	The next steps
taking a look	me/Not applicable	beginning	conscious	do this with	for me: My
within:	to my age group	awareness	effort	ease	goal is

- Am I aware of my own cultural identity and history? How comfortable am I about who I am?
- 2. Am I aware of biases I may hold?
- 3. Do I view diversity and exceptionality as strengths and that ALL children can succeed?

Note. For a copy of the complete Self-Study Guide, please contact dora.chen@unh.edu.



How Do Nature-Based Learning Opportunities Benefit Children?



reduced stress & sickness

increased physical activity enhanced creativity & problem solving

increased environmental stewardship as adults improved risk-taking abilities

enhanced self-regulation & executive functioning



active kids learn better



physical activity at school is a win-win for students and teachers

GRADES:



STANDARDIZED TEST SCORES:



JUST ONE PHYSICALLY ACTIVE LESSON CREATES:

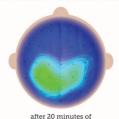


increase in students' physical activity for the week

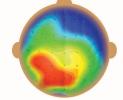
MORE RESULTS:

21% decrease in teachers' time managing behavior

physically active kids have more active brains BRAIN SCANS OF STUDENTS TAKING A TEST:



sitting quietly



after 20 minutes of walking

after being in a physically active afterschool program for 9 months:

after 20 minutes of physical activity: students tested better in reading, spelling θ math and were more likely to read above their grade level

memory tasks improved 16%

Red areas are very active; blue areas are least active.

SOURCES: Donnelly J.E. and Lambourne K. (2011). Classroom-based physical activity, cognition, and academic achievement. Prev Med. 52(Supp 1):S36-542. Hillman C.H. et al. (2009). The effect of acute treadmill validing on cognitive control and academic achievement in preadolescent children. Neuroscience. 159(3):104-41.054. Kamijo K. et al. (2011). The effects of an afferschool physical activity program on working memory in preadolescent children. Dev Sci. 14(5):1046-1058. Kibbe D.L. et al. (2011). The neuron of the program of the control of the program of t



Learn more about why active kids learn better and how schools can help at activeliving research org/active education brief.

Natural Settings Support Kindergarten Curriculum



Natural Loose Parts Serve as Manipulatives







Sensory Exploration Enhances STEAM Learning







Nature is Healing



TIME IN NATURE HELPS CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COPE WITH ADVERSITY AND ACHIEVE RESILIENCE, RECOVERY AND REGULATION

PRODUCED IN





Nature as a Pathway for Healing from Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)

ACES ENCOUNTERED by children and families, include:

- Poverty
- Neglect
- Violence
- Abuse
- Mental health issues
- · Substance use

Children who experience ACES MAY STRUGGLE WITH:

- Chronic health problems
- Mental health issues
- Substance use
- Poor nutrition and health
- Academic difficulty and truancy
- Disconnection from the natural world

RESEARCH INDICATES that nature-based interventions can play a vital role in improving:

- Children's physical health, mental health and wellbeing
- Social emotional
 skills
- Family bonds and communication
- Sense of belonging
- Connection to the natural world

INCORPORATE NATURE into therapeutic, family and educational settings:

- Nature therap
- Forest bathing
- Outdoor Meditation
 - Nature play
- Environmenta education
- Gardening
 Care of anima

- Outdoor leisure activities
- Cultural use of plants
- Nature-focused arts and crafts



HEALTHY OUTCOMES for children and families:

- Permanency & stability
- Safety in the outdoors
- Healing for families and youth
- Self-regulation

- Family connection
- Cultural connection
- Community health
- Connection to nature



LEARN MORE ABOUT NATURE'S ROLE IN PROMOTING RESILIENCE, REGULATION AND RECOVERY FOR CHILDREN.

PRODUCED IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:





Benefits of Nature-Based Interventions for Children Encountering Adverse Childhood Experiences

A survey of child and family service providers named five key outcomes as focus areas for intervention: healing, permanency, family connection, safety and self regulation. Time in nature supports and enhances these outcomes, especially for children coping with or recovering from adverse childhood experiences.



Connection to nature supports mental health, well-being, resilience, restoration, enhanced mood and can reduce stress, contributing to healing for families and youth coping with adversity and traums.

nature help children become more mindful, manage behaviors and reactions, cope with new environments, control impulses and focus attention, contributing to better self-regulation.

Experiences in

Nature enhances family connections, communication and parental mental health, contributing to **safety** in the home. Quality outdoor spaces enhance community togetherness and reduce crime, contributing to **safety** in the community, to the community to the community.

Family activities in nature improve communication and develop lasting family connections and relationships that can help keep children safe in their homes.

Time in nature nurtures a sense of self identity, belonging with others and connection to place, contributing to a sense of stability and permanency.



Early Childhood Health Outdoors

We envision a future where every young child experiences nature daily for the health of our kids, communities, and planet.





Sing Today...Read Forever!



Photo: Amina Filkins/Pexels



Neuroscientific Research

The effects of singing and music-making on brain development

- Simultaneously stimulates cognitive, sensory, motor, and reward systems
- Enables auditory processing and auditory memory
- Improves neural encoding of speech
- Allows babies to acquire language earlier
- Develops beat synchronization—ability to keep a steady beat

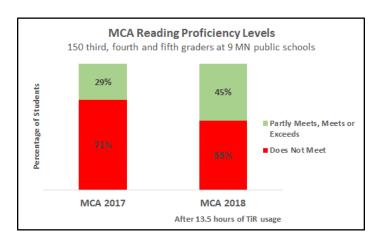
These are essential brain functions for proficient reading □



Photo: Amina Filkins/Pexels



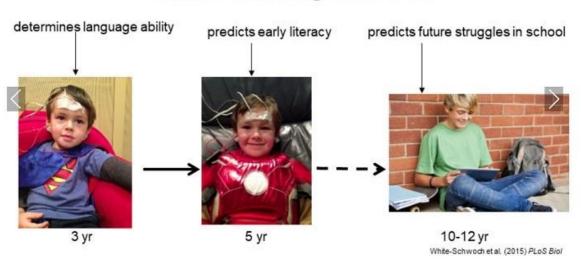
MN state-funded 5-year pilot



- 1/3 of fourth and fifth graders went up a level in reading proficiency from the prior year (from Does Not Meet to Partly Meets) on the state reading test after 13 ½ hours of singing songs repetitively with a software program.
- The lowest-scoring students made the greatest gains.
- More hours of usage resulted in greater gains.
- The results were statistically significant.
- The 500 fourth and fifth graders at these schools who did not use TiR did not make significant gains in reading levels.

Auditory Neuroscience Laboratory, Northwestern University, Illinois Neuroscientist Dr. Nina Kraus, Director

Underlying biology Sound Processing in the Brain



Fit by Five!

Children with basic musical skills are better readers

By age five, children can learn to:

- Keep a steady beat.
- Clap the rhythm of the words of a chant or song.
- Match a pitch.
- Sing in tune.



	ROCK 'n' READ SING TOTAL PRACTURE	Basic Musical Fitne Musical fitness is the ability to p			
		Child's Name	-	Date	12
Keep	ing the beat				
1.		pp, such as Metronome (Android)			
2	or <u>TrueMetronome Li</u> Set metronome to 12				
		pat with two hands on your lap at			
J.		metronome click (beat).			
4.		ooth hands to the beat.			
			Did they mat ☐ No	tch the beat? □ Partly	□ Yes
Keep	ing the beat with a so	na			
		singing the "ABC Song."			
2		er beat with both hands on lap			
		ninute) and sing song:			
2		J K LMNO P" (bold letters go with pats.) sing song without you. (If they don't know			
٥.		n sing the melody using "doo.")			
	the letters, have then	1 Sing the melody using 'doo.')	Did they mat	tch the beat?	
			□ No	☐ Partly	☐ Yes
Clapp	ning the rhythm				
1.	"ABC Song" while sin So, A, B, C, Dwill e	v the letters go" (every sound) of the ging the song, one clap for each sound: each get one clap, L-M-N-O-P will get and W will get three claps: "dou-ble-u."			
2		ly singing and clapping "A, B, C, D."			
3.	Ask child to sing and	clap whole song alone.			
			Did they clap ☐ No	each sound?	□ Yes

- - Use a pitch pipe app, such as Pitch Pipe (Classic), or a piano.
 Play D (on piano, use the D to the right of middle C).
 Ask child to match the pitch using "loo."

Matching a pitch

- Singing in tune
- Ask child to sing the "ABC Song" again.
 (If they don't know the letters, have them use "doo.")

□ Partly

□ Partly

Did they sing the song in tune?

Did they match the pitch?
☐ No ☐ Yes

□ No

□ No

Did their voice follow the ups and downs of the melody? ☐ Yes

☐ Yes



Zap the Gap!

All children reading proficiently

Goal

Enable every child's brain for reading through singing, moving, and developing basic music skills

Zap the Gap

State-funded program that would provide parents and PreK teachers:

- the science about brain development
- singing strategies
- Basic Musical Fitness Assessment
- A Song a Day: Brain Prep for Pre-Readers, 50 sequenced lessons that
 use music-making to enable the brain's auditory processing



Creating Environments and Conditions for Thriving Kindergarteners

Learning Tuesdays with New America and the Campaign for Grade Level Reading

February 14, 2023

Our Purpose

The Center's purpose is to provide *technical assistance* to support *states* and *districts* in the implementation of *social and emotional learning* and other whole-person, *evidence-based* programs and practices.

The Center will enhance the capacity of (a) state educational agencies (SEAs) to support their local educational agencies (LEAs) and (b) LEAs to support their schools.



Throughlines

Science of
Learning and
Development

Authentic Family Engagement Equity

Multidisciplin ary
Approaches





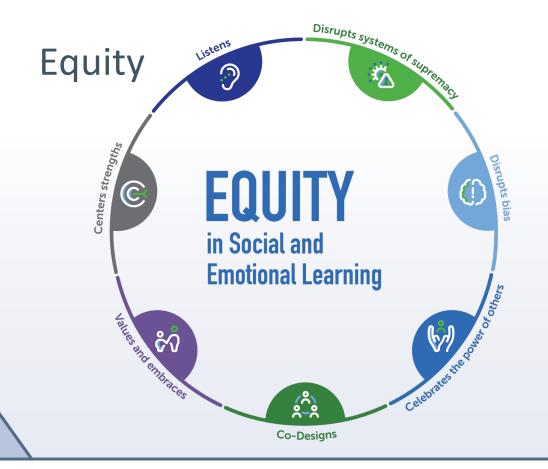
Two Big Ideas from SoLD

Learning is CONTEXTUAL.

Learning is INTEGRATED.











Authentic Family Engagement

Begins with inquiry

Works in Partnership

Strengthsbased Culturally Responsive





Project-based Learning

Multidisciplinary Relevant, engaging, and rigorous

Invites play





From Vision to Action:
Transforming Kindergarten into a
Sturdy Bridge from Early Learning
to K-12 Education

JOIN US!

March 22, 2023

12:00 p.m. - 1:30 p.m. PT

Registration at www.selcenter.wested.org





Thank you!



selcenter@wested.org

https://selcenter.wested.org

Questions & Discussion

Upcoming GLR Learning Tuesdays Webinars:

FUNDER-TO-FUNDER CONVERSATIONS

Remake Learning: Philanthropic Opportunities for Enhancing Local Learning Landscapes Tuesday, February 21, 12:30–2:00 p.m. ET/9:30–11:00 a.m. PT

GLR LEARNING TUESDAYS: LEARNING LOSS RECOVERY CHALLENGE Early Learning Innovation in a Time of Crisis Tuesday, February 21, 3–4:30 p.m. ET/12–1:30 p.m. PT

GLR LEARNING TUESDAYS: LEARNING LOSS RECOVERY CHALLENGE Preventing Burnout and #Resignation: Investing in Teacher Coaching and Support Tuesday, February 28, 3–4:30 p.m. ET/12–1:30 p.m. PT

GLR LEARNING TUESDAYS: LEARNING LOSS RECOVERY CHALLENGE Promoting Impactful Teaching and Learning in Kindergarten Series Conclusion Tuesday, March 7, 3–4:30 p.m. ET/12–1:30 p.m. PT

Join us!



